FOOD INSECURITY AMONG INTERNATIONAL STUDENTS

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International Student Mental Health Virtual Summit

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Organizer: Centre for Innovation in Mental Health



Background

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- Food insecurity is the inadequate or insecure access to food because of financial constraints.
- The proliferation of campus food banks indicates that many students are foodinsecure
- Student groups at risk for food insecurity
 - Canadian students from low to median income families
 - Students with children
 - Indigenous students
 - International students
- Campus services and federal and provincial policies to alleviate student food insecurity are needed.

Outcomes of food insecurity

Nutrition and Physical Health

- Nutrient insufficiency
- Chronic health conditions
- Poor self-rated health
- Obese or overweight

Mental Health

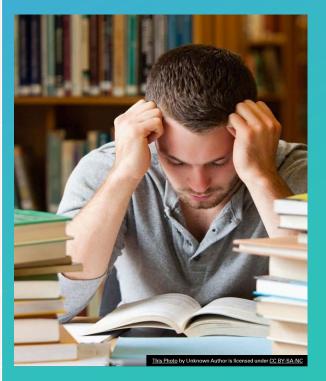
- Anxiety
- Distress
- Depression
- Learning disabilities among children

Academic consequences of food insecurity for university students

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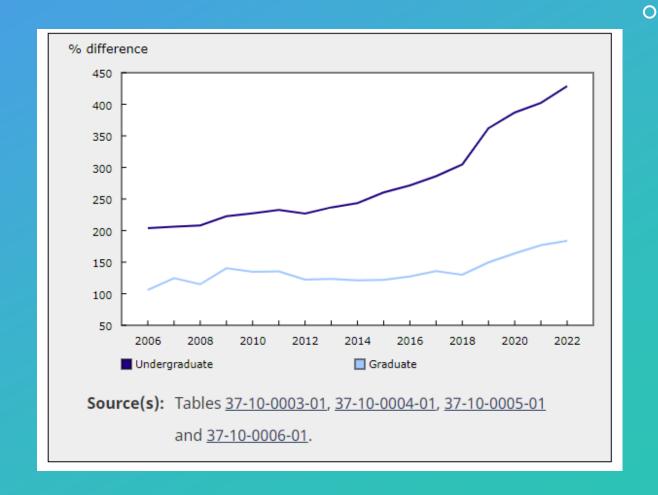
How often have you done the following when you didn't have enough money for food?	
Could not concentrate in class or in an exam	55.2%
Unable to study for an exam	19.0%
Unable to complete an assignment	8.6%





Postsecondary education has become less affordable





Cost of an education

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- Tuition is not the only cost that students bear
 - Books, Devices (Tablets, Computers) (Fixed)
 - Accommodation (rent) (Fixed)
 - Transportation (Fixed)
 - Utilities, communication charges (Fixed)
 - Compulsory fees (Fixed)
 - Food and clothing (<u>Flexible</u>)

Cost of groceries and accommodations is rising

- Canadians paid 9.7%
 more for food purchases
 between April 2021 and
 April 2022, representing
 the largest increase since
 September 1981.
- Shelter costs (rent) has also risen at the fastest pace since 1983.
 - Source: Statistics Canada. Tuition fees for degree programs, 2022/2023.
 https://www150.statcan.gc.ca/n1/daily-quotidien/220907/dq220907b-eng.htm

Food requirements of international students

Cultural foods: e.g., Chinese, South Asian, African, Latin American



Muslims: Halal (no pork, alcohol, ritually slaughtered) Jewish: Kosher (no pork, ritually slaughtered) Buddhist, Seventh Day Adventist: Vegetarian

Hindus: No beef

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FOOD BANKS AS A RESPONSE TO STUDENT FOOD INSECURITY





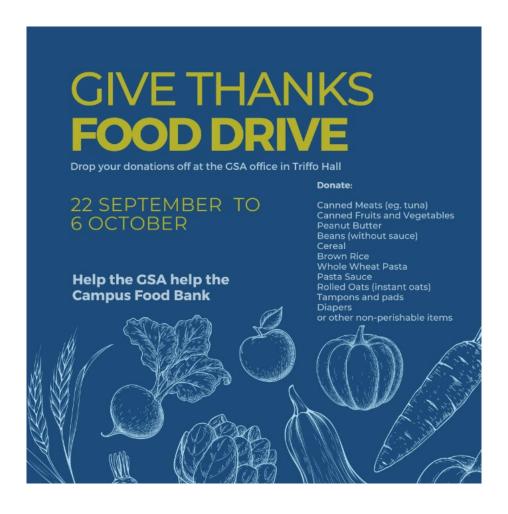
Campus food banks

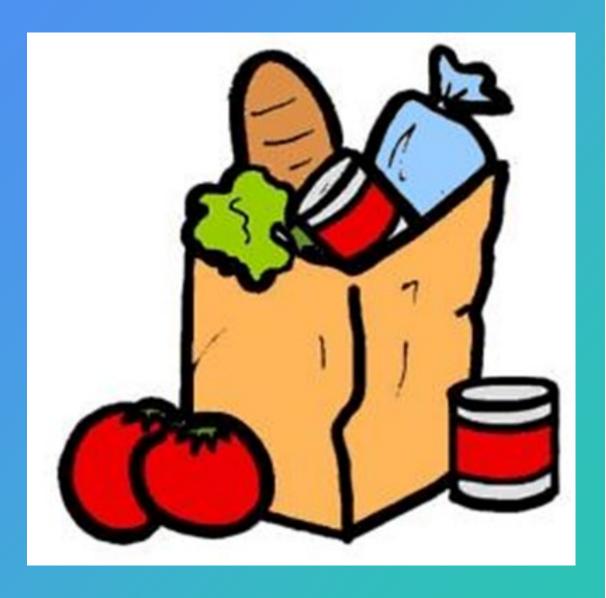
- There has been a proliferation of food banks on campuses in the past 25 years.
- The numbers of students who are affected by food insecurity are many times higher than the number of students using food banks.
- Food banks are not the solution to student hunger!

University of Alberta campus food bank

- A registered charity dedicated to eliminating hunger on campus.
- Historically the food bank gave pre-packaged food hampers to students with limited options to swap out items.
- The CFB's food options have been limited to mostly western food items.
- Has more recently (2022) switched to a grocery store model.

Relies on donated food and other items



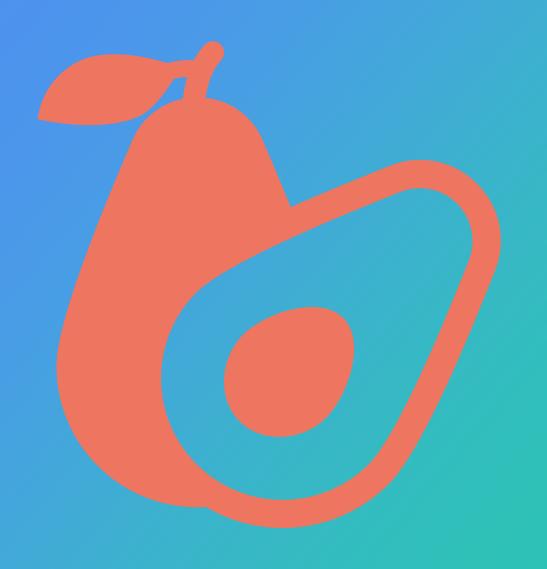


Nutrition of Food Hampers

- Fat and animal protein content was low.
- The requirements of milk and alternatives; meat and alternatives are not met.
- Vitamin A and zinc recommendations were not met.
- Nutrients missing from the food hampers could be provided from fresh fruits, vegetables, dairy, and meat products.
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Food insecurity among international students accessing the campus food bank

 We conducted individual semistructured interviews with students to describe students' perceptions of (1) challenges to attaining food security, (2) consequences of food insecurity on the university experience, and (3) food received from the food bank



Challenges to obtaining sufficient food

- Logistical issues
- a lack of time to prepare healthy and cultural meals
- limited family and close friend support
 - no one to help with grocery shopping and meal preparation
 - no one to rely on if students ran out of food
 - "Challenges as an international student, I would say you don't really have much relatives and friends when you run out you could go to. The lack of family support"
- Unemployment/underemployment
 - student visa restrictions limited where and how much they could work, and jobs prioritized those with a Canadian citizenship



Challenges to obtaining sufficient food

- 2. Obtaining culturally appropriate food
- lack of availability
- limited accessibility to sources of culturally appropriate food
 - grocery stores and restaurants that sell cultural foods are not accessible as a result of the distance and time required for access, especially without a car or when using public transit
- not affordable

Consequences of food insecurity on the University experience

- 1. Impaired academic performance
- Inability to concentrate on schoolwork, focus during lectures, or be successful in writing exams.
- Missing classes or exams, sometimes due to extreme food deprivation.

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Consequences of food insecurity on the University experience

2. Negative well-being

- Physical well-being
 - Extreme food deprivation and hunger physically manifested as feeling weak, cold, and lacking in energy
- Mental well-being
 - Students reported that not having enough food had negative psychological impacts, leading to feelings of "anger," "stress," "worry," "impatience," and "anxiety"
 - "I am always thinking about food that you know, I have foods for the week or for tomorrow or for breakfast what I am gonna do for breakfast?... And you know it's extra stress for you to deal with"
 - "I keep worrying oh what I am going to eat for tomorrow, like for 2 weeks what I am going to eat, like I am starving"
- Social well-being
 - Social withdrawal due to food insecurity and lack of energy

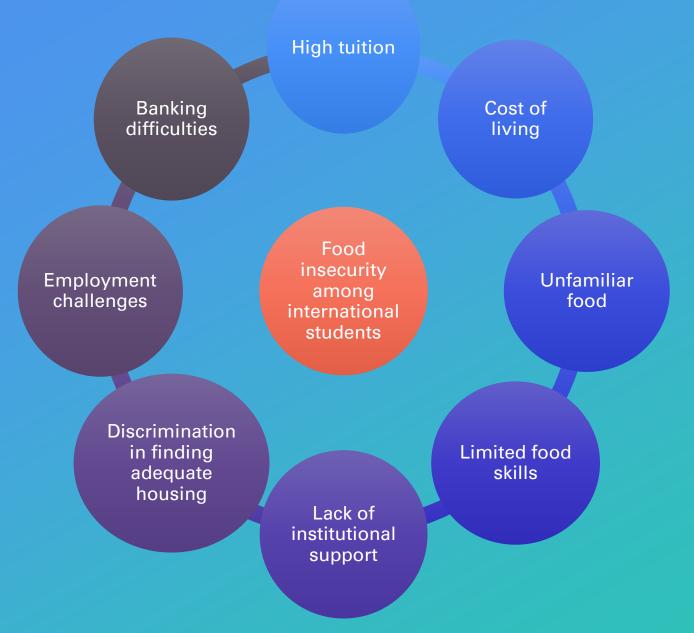


Perceptions of food in hampers

 "Only thing is at the beginning that I found some foods that I didn't really use because I am Hindu and we didn't eat beef and sometimes like canned food or the noodles or whatever they have beef flavour."

SOLUTIONS TO FOOD INSECURITY FOR INTERNATIONAL STUDENTS





Solutions to food insecurity for international students

- Have more scholarships offered by Canadian governments, post-secondary institutions, non-governmental organizations and international organizations
- Reduce tuition fees
- Enable students to work more hours (double-edged sword)
 - From November 15, 2022, until December 31, 2023 internationals students may be eligible to work more than 20 hours per week off campus under a temporary public policy.

* · Campus Food Banks offer different service models

- The CFB at the University of Alberta has switched to a grocery store model, in which students can browse the CFB's shelves and pick the food they want.
- The new model may better serve the university's large international student population.
 - https://www.ualberta.ca/sustainability/about/news-profiles/2022/11november/campus-food-bank-switches-to-more-dignified-grocerystore-model.html

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- Alberta Innovates Health Solutions



Student publications

- Hanbazaza, M., Kebbe, M., Perez, A., Ball, G. D., Farmer, A. P., Maximova, K., & Willows, N. D. (2021). Food Insecurity Among International Post-Secondary Students Studying on a Canadian Campus: A Qualitative Description Study. Canadian Journal of Higher Education, 51(2), 33-45.
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